### NEWS SUMMARY.

Ulty Affairs. -The Young Men's Christian Association through the liberality of the business men of Philadelphia, will open to-morrow morning, for the use of young men of Philadelphia, a new library of five thousand volumes, including the latest publications in all departments of literature, history, travels, and religion.

-Arrangements have been perfected by which the students of the Woman's Medical Hospital, situated on College avenue, above Ridge road, can attend the medical lectures at the Pennsylvania Hospital during the present month, and it may be for a longer time.

—The dog pound will be removed on next

Monday from its present location on Corinthian avenue, in the Fifteenth ward, to the new location on the Lamb Tavern road, near the City Hospital.

-About midnight on Tuesday, a disturbance occurred at Washington avenue and Twentieth street, between a number of young men. Pistols were fired, and unfortunately one of the balls took effect in the abdomen of George Firth, aged 16 years, who was standing on the sidewalk, and not participating in the fight. The wound is considered a dangerous one by the physician at the hos-pital, where Firth now is. His residence is

at No. 2130 Alter street. -Charles Lutz, employed in the bakery at No. 1343 South street, was accidentally shot by a pistol in the foot yesterday morning, by a fellow-workman. The proprietor of the bakery had left a pistol in the cellar, and while one of the workmen was handling it the load was discharged, inflicting a painful wound. The injured man was taken to the Pennsylvania Hospital.

-The Board of City Trusts held a stated meeting yesterday afternoon. Sixty additional pupils were admitted into the Girard College, 14 of whom were born in the old city limits, and forty-six in other parts of Pennsylvania. This increases the population of the house to 550 pupils. A resolution was passed "that hereafter when orphans reside too far from the city to make their personal presence convenient, the applicant may appear before a judge of the county in which he resides, or a justice of the peace, and through their certificate, upon a printed form to be furnished by the College for that purpose, the name of such child to be placed upon the record."

Authority was given for the Cadets of the College, to the number of 150, and the College Band, to join in the nutting excursion of the children of the public schools at the Park, on the 21st instant. A culvert was authorized to be built under the intermediate street between Chesnut and Girard streets, and extending from Eleventh to Twelfth street. Six of the eight houses now being built at Sixth and Brown streets were reported to have been leased. The resignation of Professor F. A. Bregy, teacher of French and Spanish in Girard College, to take effect on the 31st of December, was received. Dr. Ernest Goodman was elected Assistant Surgeon in the Wills Hospital, in place of Dr. Allen.

-Last night, between 6 and 7 o'clock, a fire broke out in the large saw and planingmill of Mr. Daniel Maguire, N. W. corner of Ridge avenue and College avenue, which was attended with considerable loss. The flames originated in the cellar of the building, and soon made such headway as to render it almost impossible to check them. The alarm box in the immediate neighborhood being out of order, the firemen were prevented from being early on the ground, and when they did come the entire building was in flames. It was quite a spacious one, over 100 feet long on College avenue, with a frontage of some 40 feet on Ridge avenue. It was shaped something in the form of the letter L: was four stories high, and stored with valuable machinery and materials.

Domestic Affairs. -Gold closed yesterday at 1133.

-General Frank P. Blair has received the Democratic nomination for the lower House of the Missouri Legislature.

-The anniversaries of the Free Baptist Benevolent Societies of New England commenced in Augusta, Me., on Tuesday evening.

### THE WAR. LAST NIGHT'S DESPATCHES.

THE BATTLE NEAR ORLEANS-FIRST REPORTS CONTRADICTED-A COMPLETE PRUSSIAN VIC-TORY-THE FRENCH ABANDON THE CITY-ACTIVE MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.

Tours, Oct. 12.-Messengers who were sent to Orleans yesterday, where a battle was going on, have returned. They make the following report:—The French were lin much smaller force than the Prussians, and were literally crushed by their superior artillery, and driven back into the suburbs of the town. Some barricades had been erected there, and our forces took advantage of the shelter these afforded. The Papal Zouaves and Mobiles behaved most courageously, but the regular troops fled at almost the first fire. None of the regular troops made much resistance; many threw away their arms in their flight.

The Prussians opened fire on the town after the French defeat, and owing to the barricades many fires occurred. The railway depot was destroyed in this way, as well as many other large establishments.

At last accounts the people of Byons were flying in all directions. At a late hour last evening the Prussians had pushed south to Beaugency and Meun, beyond Paris, and it is feared that the Papal Zonaves will be surrounded and captured. The other French troops in that neighborhood are in good position, and heavy reinforcements were sent forward to them during the night. It is reported that some heavy guns have also gone forward from Bourges.

The French troops at Beaugency and Meun are excellent. They are composed chiefly of National Guards and Mobiles, and they are determined to resist to the last. In view of the urgency of the case, General Garibaldi left Tours this morning for the field. There is a great movement of franc-tireurs. Troops of all kinds are pushing to the front with all

despatch. The government has repeated its determi-nation to retaliate for all Prussian atrocities. If the municipal authorities of Ablis are executed, an equal number of Prussian prisoners will be shot.

London, Oct. 12.—The French fleet has been sighted off Heligoland. The authorities at Altona and other ports have been warned to remove outer buoys and lights of their harbors, to prevent surprise.

The United States steamer Plymouth has arrived at Kiel, though that port is ostensibly closed by blockaders. Other American menof-war are expected there.

Tours, Oct. 12.-Official reports from Beaugency state that the Prussians entered Orleans last night. The French forces are on the left bank of the Loire, They received to-day heavy reinforcements, including ten

batteries of field artillery No news has been received from Paris to-

dsy. A balloon expedition is preparing here for an attempt to descend into Paris.

Signor Trappoli, Grand Master of the Free Masons of Italy, who is to superintend the organization of Italian volunteers, has arrived

in Tours.

Gambetta has given orders that complete returns of the armed forces of France be made to his department. He has also sent a number of young, energetic men into the provinces to organize military movements, but with instructions not to meddle with politics. The journals Gazettede France and L'Union publish an anti-republican address from Count

de Chambord to the people of France.

The Government denies the report that Count Palikao has been asked to resume command of the army at Lyons.

The Moniteur to-day prints a letter of thanks from Gambetta to the Americans, May and Reynolds, who presented to the Govern-ment the balloon in which they escaped from Paris.

FLORENCE, Oct. 12.-Lieutenant-General La Marmora entered Rome yesterday, and was received with hearty demonstrations of welcome by the people.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 12.—The report that the Prussian Minister at Brussels had been re-

lished, is untrue. An enthusiastic meeting was held at Mechlin yesterday to protest against the deposition of the Pope. The Archbishop of Mechlin presided, and among the participants in the proceedings were the Archbishops of Buffalo and Calcutta. The protest was unanimously adopted.

called, which has been lately extensively pub-

### PARIS.

How the Great City is to be Treated. The Zeidler (German) Correspondence writes as follows:-Ever nearer draws the time when the question will be put categorically to the city of Prris whether it chooses to be treated as an open town or a fortress, Unfortunately the people of Paris have not yet, as it seems, become fully conscious of the importance of this question. They seem not only to be possessed with the illusion that they can be treated as the inhabitants of a half fortress, half open town, nay single corporations, as for example the academy, even go so far as to claim for themselves severally an exceptional position. If the city of Paris holds fast to her part as a fortress, then she must be prepared to share the fate of Strasburg, and, in fact, to bury her defenders under her ruins. It is impossible that the German armies should not take Paris, and it is just as impossible that we should love the houses of Paris better than the blood of our soldiers. As we learn from trustworthy sources, the heavy siege train is already on its way to Paris. It even appears that we shall neither take the walls of Paris, nor M. Rochefort's barricades, by storm; but we shall only back the language of reason and of hunger by the very impressive speech of

German artillery. A German who escaped from Paris on the 14th ult., in a letter to the Berlin Cross Gazette says:-

Who now rules in Paris it is hard to say. Certainly neither Trechu nor the Provisional Government, with Jules Favre and Rochefort; neither the National Guards nor the "Red" Communists, although, indeed, the latter take the lead. The men who still nominally exercise authority are influenced by the savage masses, and if perchance two tolerably numerous crowds should assemble before the Hotel de Ville who wanted some change, the desires of the mob which clamored the loudest and was the most audacious would be acceded to. The National Guard are not altogether inclined for war, and many of my French acquaintances assured me in confidence that it was impossible for Paris to hold out long. One of the greatest dangers has not presented itself, viz., the Reds, as they do do not feel themselves strong enough to imitate their Lyons brethren. When, however, the struggle before the walls has once commenced, and when want and privation appear, the parties within the city will begin their strifes, in spite of all conciliatory efforts. Whatever may be said, even though the pre-sent government should deceive the people as grossly as the empire did, Paris is scarcely provisioned for two or three weeks. Thousands and thousands have left the city, but strange Mobile Guards and the inhabitants of the surrounding districts within ten or twelve miles have come in, so that the population still numbers about two millions. It is true that in the Jardin des Plantes there are a multitude of sheep, but there really are 120,000 for which in a few days there will be no more food; they will be devoured by two millions of people in three days. So with the oxen in the Bois de Boulogne, which obviously, unless they are previously starved, will only meet the normal demand for beef for a few days. Already the daily demand for salt, fuel, milk, vegetables, and especially lighting materials, cannot be satisfied. Paris without gas, without sufficient oil and tallow, without lamps, without newspapers (for paper is lacking), without news from without, Paris the frivolous, pleasure-seeking, enjoyable, exposed to privations of all kinds, is no longer Paris. It is a Sparta, but inhabited not by Spartans but by luxurious Corinthians,

sion, "Seine Babal," by Babylonians.

The country round Paris, according to other reports, is also in a lamentable cendition, all means of earning a living being cut off from the remaining population. A letter from St. Maur, in the Cologne Gazette, says the priests go about with troops of laboring men to seek bread. Several of these unfortunates have for days had no nourishment, and beg at the German outposts, or devour raw vegetables. The peasants say fearful agitation prevails in Paris, that a guillotine has been erected, and that terrorism has set in. This is of course an exaggeration, but it shows the alarm and panic which exist. A letter from Corbeil says weeping women and children are everywhere to be seen, all means of subsistence having been sent to Paris. The same is the case in the entire neigh-

or rather, looking to the much-used expres-

NOTES OF THE WAR.

borhood.

"DYING IN THE LAST DITCH." The London Times points out that the wise resolution by which the heroic garrison of Strasburg concluded their memorable defense ought to be a lesson to France and to her present Government, tracing out the limits beyond which resistance ceases to be a duty and becomes a folly and a crime. General Uhrich and the soldiers and citizens under his orders did all that could be expected of men-all that true patriotism and military honor could demand; but they stopped short of any unavailing deed of despair. The alternative lay between a capitulation and a butchery. The brave men chose the better part. Their honor was safe, and they could new think of saving Strashurg. The same I may be said of Toul; the same, we hear, of

Montmedy. Those who really knew how to fight knew also when to yield.

THE SPOILS. The Staats Anzeiger publishes the following account of the capture of men and material by the German armies since the beginning of the war:-

The losses of the enemy and the prizes of the German armies in the present campaign, not yet of two months duration, exclusive of killed and wounded, are: One marshal, 39 generals, 3256 officers, 104,750 men, and 14,000 wounded in Sedan; 10,280 herses, at least 56 eagles, 102 mitrailleuses, 690 field and fortress guns, over 400 standards, several pontoons, magazines, railway trains; also an almost innumerable mass of arms, munitions, dress and equipment articles, forage and provisions. To this enormous total the prizes taken at Toul and Strasburg have now to be added.

THE SURBENDER OF STRASBURG. The Lendon Daily News says:-The great French fortress has fallen, and the fast friends of France need not be sorry that its resistance is at an end. Its gallant defenders had discharged their duty. If the people of every town in France had done as much according to their means as the citizens of Strasburg, if every military body in France had exhibited the steady endurance of its garrison, a German host would not at this moment encompass the capital, and Paris would not look in vain for an army to succor and relieve her. Well have they borne their share in the burdens of the war, and it was time for them to decline a cortest that had become hopeless. In the name of humanity we may rejoice that this siege is over, and that it has ended in a surrender.

BISMARCK'S POLICY. The Daily News observes that Count Bismarck is apparently resolved to fight it out upon his present line if it lasts all the winter. Germany has deliberately counted the cost, She has weighed every ingredient of the possible sacrifice, and has calmly decided that it must be borne. The News confesses that it does not see any sufficient assurance that the French have made up their minds with equal deliberation and equal firmness. They seem rather to be drifting about for a principle and a policy. We cannot wonder if the Germans take into consideration the fact that their enemy is of fitful mood and apt to be blown about by every gust of sentiment or fortune, and feel bound to require practical guarantees against the result of altered moods and sudden counsels in their enemy. France refused the armistice because it seemed to involve unpalatable conditions of peace. Germany is only the more resolved not to conclude a peace which would have the essential attributes of a mere armistice.

THE ALLEGED PRUSSSAN OUTRAGES. Four English gentlemen, newspaper correspondents and surgeons, who have followed the campaign from Forbach to Sedan, have sent home an explicit denial of the charges made against the German troops, in a letter of a correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette, as to outrages on women and the spoliation of property. The writers say:—"We feel bound to give the most unqualified contradiction to the statements of the writer in the Pall Mall Gazette. We have found want, suffering, and misery enough wherever we have turned, but we have never yet met, or even heard of, a single instance of personal violence offered to the peasantry, a single instance of outrage towards women, or a single instance in which a farm-house has been robbed of more than its stray fowls and fruit. Amid all the horrors which have been going on around us, we talk among ourselves of the kindness, forbearance, and singular honesty with which, considering all the circumstances, the Prussians have behaved towards the people and property of the towns and districts through which they have passed." Independent testimony to the same effect is quite conclusive on this subject.

THE ACCIDENT AT MONT BLANC.

Further Particulars of the Disaster of Sep-tember 6-Recovery of the Bodies. A "Tourist" writes to the London Times of the 29th ult. regarding the late accident on Mont Blanc:-Having recently visited Chamouni, where I obtained information from the most reliable sources as to the recent loss of eleven persons on Mont Blanc, the following account may be valuable to persons connected with the unfortunate travellers and to others. On the 5th of September, Dr. Bean, of Baltimore, another American gentleman, and Mr. Geerge McCorkindale, of Scotland, accompanied by three guides and five porters, left Chamouni, and on the next day reached the summit; but before they had proceeded far on their return a storm arose which caused apprehensions to the watchers below for the safety of the party, too well founded, for they were not seen again alive. As soon as possible an attempt was made to recover the bodies, which, owing to the unsettled weather, was unsuccessful, and it was feared that no effectual search would be practicable this year; but a favorable change occurring on the 17th, eighteen guides started, and, after a perilous effort, discovered on the following day the bodies of Dr. Bean, Mr. McCorkindale, and three porters, at a spot which appeared from below to be not far from the "Petits Mulets." With much labor and difficulty their remains were brought down to Chamouni on Monday, the 19th inst. Since I left Chamouni I have been informed that the remaining bodies have been found further down the mountain. A veteran guide, whose last ascent was with Mr. Freshfield, stated to me that the sufferings of the unhappy party must have been of short duration, as they could not have survived five minutes after being overtaken by the hurricane, which suffocated them with snow. It is said that Dr. Bean left America for Switzerland on a scientific mission, but he seems to have been ill-prepared for the ascent. On the previous day he requested the landlord of the Hotel Mont Blanc to send for a notary, and a will being drawn up he signed it. Mr. McCorkindale was starting, wearing an ordinary high-crowned hat, but the landlord induced him to put on a cap (with flaps to cover the ears) which he lent him. The guides demurred to making the ascent on account of the unsettled state of the weather. but, unfortunately, yielded to the wishes of the travellers. The landlord of the Hotel Mont Blanc stated that he had telegraphed to the American and English Consuls at Geneva, and received a reply from the former, but not from the latter, and Mr. Ma-Corkindale having left no luggage, he was unable to communicate with that gentleman's relatives, he having given his address as "Scotland." A suggestion was made by a traveller that a telegram should be sent to

-A college for the education of ladies for the medical profession has been dedicated with imas the Woman's Hospital Medical College.

the Provost of Edinburgh, requesting him to

trace the relations of the deceased and com-

municate the catastrophe to them. He had

not left a passport or any papers at the

hotel.

# MARINE TELEGRAPH.

For additional Marine News see First Page.

ALMANAC FOR PHILADELPHIA—THIS DAY. SUN RIBES	
WW. W. PAUL	BOARD OF TRADE. COMMITTEE OF THE MONTH.
Paraguayi.ondon. Guiding Star. Havre Denmark Havre C. of Mexico. Vera Cri Britannia Glasgow	OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.  AMERICA.  New York. Sept. 17  New York. Sept. 17  New York. Sept. 21  New York Sept. 21  New York. Sept. 26  New York. Sept. 28

Siberia. Liverpool. Boston. Sept. 29
India. Glasgow. New York Oct. 1
FOR EUROPE. St. Laurent... New York ... Havre ... Oct.
Angila... New York ... Glasgow ... Oct.
Holland... New York ... Liverpool ... Oct.
C. of London ... New York ... Liverpool ... Oct.
Wisconsin... New York ... Liverpool ... Oct. New York ... Glasgow ... New York ... Havre .... Pereire ..... .Oct. New York ... Liverpool ..... Oct. New York ... Glasgow ..... Oct.

Australia New York Glasgow. Oct. 22
C. of Brussels. New York Liverpool. Oct. 22
COASTWISE, DOMESTIC, ETC.
St. Louis New York New Orleans. Oct. 15
Pioneer. Philadelphia. Wilm'gton, N.C. Oct. 15
Wyoming Philadelphia. Savannah. Oct. 15
Malls are forwarded by every steamer in the regular lines. The steamers for or from Liverpool call at Queenstown, except the Canadian line, which call at Londonderry. The steamers for or from the Continent call at Southampton.

CLEARED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Saxon, Sears, Boston, H. Winsor & Co.
St'r R. Willing, Cundiff, Baltimore, A. Groves, Jr.
Bark G. W. Horton, Rhoads, Portland.
Schr Ocean Bird, Keily, Boston, L. Audenried & Co.
Schr R. W. Tull, Robbins, do.
Schr R. W. Tull, Robbins, do.
Schr Clarabel, Nickerson, do.
Schr Mary Limeburner, Lansil, Bristol, do.
Schr Hannibal, Watkins, South Amesbury, do.
Schr Greenland, Parker, Rockport, do.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamship Wyoming, Teal, 69 hours from Savannan, with cotton, rice, etc., to Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Co.

Steamer Tacony, Nichols, 24 hours from New York, with mdse, to W. M. Baird & Co.

Brig Amy A. Lane, Carver, 53 days from Liverpool, with salt to A. Kerr & Bro.

Brig Anna M. Knight, Davis, 3 days from Portland, in ballast to Warren & Gregg. On the 9th inst., lat. 39 38, long, 72 15, passed a vessel (supposed to be a brig), bottom up, newly coppered, and appeared to be about 350 tons. 10th, lat. 38 49, long, 70 55, spoke brig San Carlos, from Philadelphia for Portland, with a cargo of coal; she had been dismasted in a gale on the 7th inst.; she had her foremast knocked down and cut away; also shifted cargo; supplied down and cut away; also shifted cargo; supplied her with water and provisions. The S. C. intended making for the nearest port.
Schr William Arthur, Hutchinson, from Portland, with merchandise. Schr Vandalia, Campbell, 1 day from Leipsic, Del.,

with grain to Jos. E. Palmer. Correspondence of The Evening Telegraph, EASTON & MCMAHON'S BULLETIN. NEW YORK OFFICE, Oct. 12.—Six barges cave in tow to-night, for Baltimore, light.

Baltimore Branch Office, Oct. 12.—The follow-Thomas and Matthew, Frank and Fred, J. T. Hedrick, Andrew McWilliams, J. S. Pierce, B. C. Lake, H. Gormley, James T. Easton, Ada Virginia, Liberator, and Clara McWilliams, all with coal, for New

PHILADELPHIA BRANCH OFFICE, Oct. 13.—26 regular and 4 transient barges, light, 30 in all, left this port yesterday for Baltimore. L. S. C. MEMORANDA.
Ship Tranquebar, Harward, hence, is up at Charleston for Liverpool.
N. G. steamer Hansa, Brickenstein, for New York, sailed from Bremen 1st inst.

Steamer San Francisco, from Bermuda, arrived at New York yesterday. Steamer Alaska, from Aspinwall, at New York yesterday, with \$143,000 in treasure Steamers Russia and Wisconsin, from Liverpool, at New York yesterday. Steamer Benefactor, Pennington, from New York,

Steamer Gen. Sedgwick, Nichols, for New York, sailed from Galveston 10th inst.

Steamer Francis Wright, Nickerson, from New York via Charleston, at Havana 1st inst.

Steamer Regulator, Brooks, fm Wilmington, N. C., at New York 11th inst. Steamer C. W. Lord, Post, 9 days from Havana, bound to New York, having experienced heavy gales, put into Charleston Sth inst. for coal. Steamer Victor, Ellis, for New York, cleared at

New Orleans 8th inst.
Steamer Crescent City, Norton, for New York, cleared at New Orleans 8th inst. Steamer Volunteer, Jones, from New York, at Wilmington, N. C., 10th inst. Steamer J. W. Everman, from Charleston 8th inst. for Philadelphia, has on board 70 tierces rice, 586 bales cotton, 82 bales yarn, 4 bales hides, 451 bbls.
rosin, 14 sacks fruit and sundries.
Steamer Hercules, Doughty, for Philadelphia, cl'd
at New Orleans Sth inst., with 63 bales cotton, 30 do.
moss, 363 bdls. hides, 4 sacks wool, and 8 pkgs. mdse.

Steamer Centipede, Willetts, hence, at New Bed-ford 19th inst. via Holmes' Hole, and proceeded for Salem. Steamer Norfolk, Platt, hence, at Norfolk 10th inst., and sailed for Richmond.

Steamtug Ida, Elliott, hence, at Charleston 8th inst., via Norfolk, etc. bark Constancia, Aurrecoechea, for Philadelphia, sailed from Havana 3d inst. Br. bark Maria, Webster, hence, is up at Charleston for Liverpool. Park Charlotte, Steif, hence for Stettin, was spoken 5th inst., lat. 38 34, long. 72 42.
Bark Daring, McDonald, hence, at Portland 11th

Bark Texas, Meentzen, hence for Hamburg, sailed from Stornoway 26th ult.

Brigs Minnie Abbie, Harding, and J. Means, Herrick, hence, at Boston 12th inst.

Brigs Chimborazo, Coombs, and Marshall Dutch, Turner, from Boston for Philadelphia, sailed from

Iolmes' Hole 10th inst. Brigs Morancy, Hill, and Haze, Kelly, hence, at Boston 11th inst.

Schrs Sallie B., Ida May, R. H. Shannon, John Shay, Caroline Young, James L. Maloy, Althea, Henry, J. W. Hine, Ida Hudson, Knight, Onward, G. M. Partridge, and Carrie Heyer, salled from Holmes' Hole 10th inst.

Schrs Storm, Staab, and Tempest, Shropshire, fm Schrs Storm, Staao, and Tempest, Shropshire, Im Trenton, at Providence 10th inst. Schr George Fales, Hall, for Philadelphia, sailed from Providence 10th inst. Schr Caroline Grant, Greenlaw, hence for Beston, sailed from Newport P. M. 5th inst. Schr G. B. Murney, Murney, hence, at Newport

Schr Flight, Crowell, from Wellfleet for Philadelphia, at Newport 16th inst. Schr C. S. Watson, Adams, hence, at Newport 10th ipst Schrs Henry Croskey, Rackett, and Wm. Colyer, Taylor, hence, at Apponaug 9th inst. Schrs Ida V. McCabe, and Mary Locherty, hence,

at New London 10th Inst.—the latter for Norwich.
Schr George and Emily, Harris, for Philadelphia, at Portland 10th inst.
Schrs R. Hood, Hamburg, and E. S. Potter, hence, at Norwich 10th inst. Schr William B. Thomas, for Philadelphia, sailed from New London 10th inst.
Schr Franconia, Jarvis, hence for Providence, at
New York 11th inst. with loss of foresail and deck-

load in a gale same day.

Schr General Conner, Cousins, for Philadelphia, sailed from Newbuport 10th Inst.

Schr J. Truman, Gibbr, hence, at New Bedford 10th inst. Schr Mary Gilchrist, hence, at Bangor 9th inst. MISCELLANY.

MISCELLANY.

Steamer Rattlesnake, Winnett, at New Bedford from Philadelphia, bound to Beveriy, with a load of coal, when off Cross Rip Light Ship, broke pistonhead, followers, and stove cylinder head; set sall, but was obliged to anchor to prevent going on Horschoe Shoal. She signalized steamer Aries, which took her in tow to Holmes' Hole, where she remained until the Centipede, Willets, arrived, according to orders, when she was taken in tow for New Bedford, arriving there on Monday forenoon. Arriving there on Monday forenoon.

Steamer Wissonsin, at New York yesterday from Liverpool, reports:—Oct. 5, 9-20 A. M., lat. 50 2i, long, 38 13, fell in with ship J. S. De Wolf, of St. John, N. B., from Liverpool for Philadelphia, with

maintopmast and foretopgaliantyard gone, and sig-nals of distress flying. Sent a boat, but was unable to board in consequence of the heavy sea. The cap-tain and 1s of the crew were taken off by means of a life-buoy and lines. They report the ship's deck stove in, and the ship in a sinking condition.

COTTON SAIL DUCK AND CANVAS, OF ALL and wagen-cover Duck. Also, Paper Manufac-turers' Drier Felts, from thirty to seventy-si-inches, with Paulins, Belting, S. of Twine, std. No. 10 CHURCH Street (City Stores).

# DRY GOODS. 1870 AT THORNLEY'S, 1870

A Grand Stock of Fall Goods. We have the pleasure of effering the most com-plete stock of goods in our line that has EVER been opened on

SPRING GARDEN STREET.

For Variety, for Style, for Cheapness, they stand out BOLDLY in competition with any stock offered

We are enabled to sell cheap bycause OUR EXPENSES ARE LIGHT, OUR BUSINESS LARGE, OUR PURCHASES FOR CASH. Our long established rules of equity by which

TIME IS SAVED, SALES QUICK, STOCK OFTEN TURNED.

We have opened a beautiful stocke. FASHIONABLE DRESS GOODS, FASHIONABLE SHAWLS.

MOST EXCELLENT BLACK SILKS. PABLE LINENS, BLANKETS, DOMESTIC GOODS, Etc. Etc. BEST KID GLOVES, CORSETS, SKIRTS, HAND-KERCHIEFS.

> JOSEPH H. THORNLEY, NORTHEAST CORNER OF

EIGHTH and SPRING GARDEN Sts., PHILADELPHIA. 23 thetus

Established in 1853, MILLINERY, ETC.

MILLINERY OPENING.—
MRS. E. EYRE, No. 219 SOUTH ELEVENTH
Street, open THIS DAY (WEDNESDAY), Oct.
12, 1870, with a choice selection of FALL AND WINTER STYLES OF HATS, BONNETS, SUITS, ETC., TER STYLES OF HATS, BORNING and the public at at prices unequaled. Her patrons' and the public at 10 10 4t\* tention respectfully solicited. R S. R. D I L L O N,

NOS. 323 AND 331 SOUTH STREET. Ladies' and Misses' Crape, Gimp, Hair Pamela and Straw Round and Pyramid Hats; Ribbons, Satins, Silks, Velvets and Velveteens, Crapes, Feathers, Flowers, Frames, Sash Ribbons, Ornaments, Mourn-

#### ng Millinery, Crape Vells etc. · FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A VERY VALUABLE HOUSE and LOT at the N. W. corner of Forty-second street and Kingsessing avenue.

House built of brown stone, three stories, containing 16 rooms, and finished in the best and most substantial manner, with all the modern improvements—one of the most desirable houses in Wesi Philadelphia. Property should be seen to be appreciated. Persons wishing to know the terms and examine the property can do so by calling on JAMES M. SELLERS, until 3½ P. M., at No. 144 S, SIXTH Street, and in the evening at No. 500 S. FORTY-SECOND Street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—Nos 2144 2168 2114

FOR SALE OR TO LET-Nos. 2166, 2108, 2110, FOR SALE OR TO LET—NOS. 2100, 2105, 2110, 2105, 2110, 2105, 2110, 2105, 2110, 2105, 2110, 2105, 2110, 2105, 2110, 2105, 2110, 2105, 2110, 2105, 2110, 2105, 2110, 2105, 2110, 2105, 2110, 2105, 2110, 2105, 2110, 2105, 2110,

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR City Property, one of the finest FARMS in the country. R. J. DOBBINS. 8 18 thatu tf Ledger Building.

TO RENT.

TO RENT-THE STORE NO. 722 CHESNUT

Street. Apply on the premises between 10 and 19 GERMANTOWN—TO LET, A FURNISHED House on CHURCH Lane, above Ross street. Apply to WILLIAM H. BACON,

DESIRABLE RESIDENCE FOR RENT, No. 1620 CHESNUT Street Inquire of F. T. HOWBLL, No. 900 CHESNUT Street. 10 12 2t\*

## WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETO. TOWER CLOCKS.

# G. W. RUSSELL,

No. 22 NORTH SIXTH STREET, Agent for STEVENS' PATENT TOWER CLOCKS. both Remontoir & Graham Escapement, striking hour only, or striking quarters, and repeating hour on full chime.

Estimates furnished on application either person ally or by mail.

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